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ITALY.

Examination of Emigrants.

Passed Asst. Surg. Robinson at Naples reports:

Vessels inspected at Naples, Messina, and Palermo, week ended Apr. 27.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Apr. 24	America	New York	1,655	260	2,180
24	Madonna	do	1,130	190	1,450
25	Ivernia	do			
25	Italia	do	598	75	920
26	Hamburg	do	868	130	1,250
27	Taormina	do	1,709	190	2,100
	Total		5,960	845	7,900

MESSINA.

Apr. 22	Ivernia	New York			

PALERMO.

Apr. 22	Delphine	New Orleans			
24	Ivernia	New York			
25	Teresa	do			
26	Themistocles	do			
26	Italia	do	456	400	100
27	Hamburg	do	84	80	50
	Total		540	480	150

JAPAN.

Plague on Vessel from Hongkong.

Surg. Irwin at Yokohama reports April 29 the arrival of the steamship *Tacoma Maru* at Nagasaki from Hongkong and Shanghai with a case of plague on board.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Plague on Vessels from Hongkong.

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser at Manila reports:

The steamship *Loongsang*, from Hongkong, arrived April 2 at Manila with the body of a member of the crew dead of plague on board. The death occurred when the vessel was 36 hours distant from Manila. The case was bacteriologically verified as pneumonic plague.

The steamship *Zafiro*, from Hongkong, arrived at Manila April 4, and on April 6 a death occurred in a member of the crew. Bacteriological examination showed the death to have been due to pneumonic plague.

The following circular relative to the quarantining of steerage passengers from Hongkong has been issued:

[Circular.]

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER FOR THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
Manila, P. I., April 6, 1912.

To the owners, agents, and masters of vessels and others concerned.

GENTLEMEN: In view of the increase of plague in Hongkong, I have the honor to state that, beginning April 8, 1912, all steerage passengers coming from Hongkong, or those who ordinarily travel as such, will be quarantined at the Mariveles quarantine station for a period of seven days, unless the medical officer of the United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service at Hongkong certifies that they have undergone such quarantine detention at that port. Masters of inward-bound ships from Hongkong should be instructed to call at Mariveles and leave such passengers and be prepared to furnish them with the necessary food while they are undergoing the quarantine detention.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon,
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

Smallpox on Vessels.

Dr. Heiser further reports: On April 2 the United States Army transport *Warren* arrived at Manila from Chinese and Japanese ports with three cases of smallpox on board. On April 9 three additional cases developed among the crew of the *Warren*, making a total of 8 cases. During the week ended April 6, smallpox occurred on the steamships *Serantes* and *Sotolongo*.

RUSSIA.

Typhus Fever.

At Moscow Consul Snodgrass reports the occurrence of 10 cases of typhus fever with 2 deaths during the 2 weeks ended April 13.

At Odessa Consul Grout reports 13 cases with 6 deaths for the week ended April 20.

At St. Petersburg Consul Conner reports 9 cases with 4 deaths for the 2 weeks ended April 20.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Plague at Durban, Natal.

The following information was received from the department of the interior: During the week ended April 12, a fatal case of plague occurred at Durban, and during the week ended April 19, 2 cases with 2 deaths. The total number of cases reported to date is 27 with 22 deaths.

WEST INDIES.

Trinidad—Plague and Yellow Fever—Comparative Statistics.

The following statement was received from Consul Hale at Port of Spain:

Plague.—In April, 1910, 3 fatal cases of plague were reported in Trinidad. In 1911, 6 cases were reported, 1 case occurring in February, 1 in March, 2 cases in April, and 2 in May. The first case re-